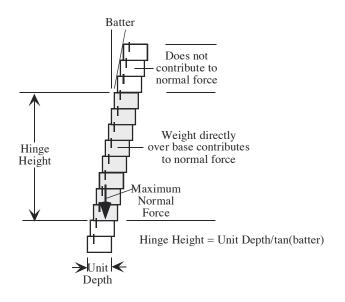


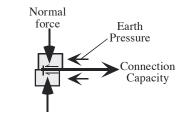
# **Hinge Height**

Hinge Height is a concept identified in the NCMA Design Manual for Segmental Retaining Walls which describes the limits of a downward or normal force application in a battered wall structure. The Hinge Height limitation applies primarily to the connection strength evaluation at a specific reinforcement level and the inter-unit shear and sliding calculations. The concept can also be extended to external stability calculations such as sliding and global stability analysis where normal gravity forces must be calculated.

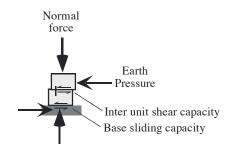
A graphical representation of the Hinge Height concept and its application is shown below.



### Hinge Height limitation is used for:



#### 1. Connection Strength Evaluation



## **Hinge Height Wall Section**

2. Sliding or Shear Evaluation

The Hinge Height calculation is not a significant design consideration in vertical or near vertical wall structures. It does becomes a serious design limitation in heavily battered structures with small facing elements where sliding resistance and geosynthetic reinforcement connection capacity are reduced to levels well below peak laboratory tested values. The Hinge Height limiting values for Keystone units are shown below.

#### **Hinge Height Limiting Values**

Keystone	Unit	Batter		
Ůnit	Depth	0°	3.6°	7.1°
Standard Unit	1.79'	None	28.5'	14.3'
Compac Unit	1.0 '	None	16.1'	8.0'